AGAINST Changing the VMT Policy

The proposal from Districts 1 and 3 is:

- 1. Directly in conflict with the County's General Plan
- 2. Does not comply with the State VMT guidance
- 3. Does not provide the public any chance to participate
- 4. Will end any chance for market-rate housing
- 1. Will not allow development that complies with the General Plan to proceed
 - The General Plan was collaboratively worked on for 12 years, included 100s of hearings, and was a landmark compromise between members of the public, industry, and environment
 - The General Plan itself extinguished millions of VMT in 2011—ahead of the 2013 State Law on VMT
 - This action will effectively end development that is consistent with it.
 - Instead of preparing a 15183 checklist (that still requires environmental review and input), this will now require GP-consistent projects to prepare an Environmental Impact Report
- 2. Doesn't even align with the "guidance" prepared by the State to implement its own law:
 - The threshold of 110 trips per day—the equivalent of 11 single family homes—was itself recommended by the state as "de minimis"
 - o The proposal to revisit that threshold goes against the State's actual recommendation
 - Any project that proposes more than 11 homes (and not in the very narrow VMT-efficient zone) will have to prepare an EIR
 - The proposal recommends changing the definition of region to align with the State.
 - o The State guidance did not define "region" at all
 - o It left it up to each jurisdiction to make that interpretation
 - There is no requirement to have the region defined as the MPO (SANDAG)
 - The County provided substantial evidence in June 2020 to make the finding that the unincorporated County is the appropriate region for VMT purposes.
- 3. The proposal directs the CAO to revise the Guidelines with no outreach component
 - No involvement from the public that owns land that can no longer be effectively developed
 - No involvement from Community Planning Groups, industry stakeholders, or even the Planning Commission.
 - Districts 1 and 3 have spoken extensively about the need for inclusion and stakeholder participation now they are trying to pass this without any public involvement.
- 4. This will effectively end any chance for affordable housing in the unincorporated County
 - Most developers in the County rely on the General Plan to provide streamlined compliance with CEQA
 - Now a 12-home subdivision in areas such as Lakeside, Ramona, or Bonsall will have to prepare an EIR
 - The County is still required to provide 6,800 affordable units: this proposal would only allow for 1,200 units to still process efficiently